

Linux ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) subsystem

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The ACPI is an industry standard started by Intel, Microsoft and Toshiba. Primarily it deals with power management, probing hardware, and configuring of the hardware. From 2013, it is handled under the UEFI Forum, <http://www.uefi.org>.

The maintainers of the Linux ACPI subsystem are Rafael J. Wysocki and Len Brown.

Mailing list: linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org

Mailing List archives:

<http://www.spinics.net/lists/linux-acpi/>

Git repo of ACPI kernel tree:

[git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rafael/linux-pm](https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rafael/linux-pm)

Website:

<https://01.org/linux-acpi>

Documentation: <http://lxr.free-electronics.com/source/Documentation/acpi/>

ACPI Links:

ACPI for ARM?

Article by Jonathan Corbet, 2013

<https://lwn.net/Articles/574439/>

ARM, SBSA, UEFI, and ACPI:

Article by Jonathan Corbet, 2014

<https://lwn.net/Articles/584123/>

ACPI, kernels and contracts with firmware

- Article by Matthew Garrett , 2014

<http://mjg59.dreamwidth.org/32369.html>

Implementing and Detecting an ACPI BIOS Rootkit

<https://www.blackhat.com/presentations/bh-europe-06/bh-eu-06-Heasman.pdf>

The BIOS Implementation Test Suite (BITS) – a project by Josh Triplett:

<http://biosbits.org/>

<https://lwn.net/Articles/641244/>

Article by Jake Edge, 2015, about the BITS project.

apd-tools (ACPI Platform Description) from Cumulus Networks:

<https://github.com/CumulusNetworks/apd-tools>

A Tour beyond BIOS Implementing the ACPI Platform Error Interface

with the Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (White Paper)

https://firmware.intel.com/sites/default/files/resources/A_Tour_beyond_BIOS_Implementing_APEI_with_UEFI_White_Paper.pdf

A list of ACPI Links:

<http://www.uefi.org/acpi>

ACPI: Design Principles and Concerns Loïc Duflot, Olivier Levillain, and Benjamin Morin

http://www.ssi.gouv.fr/uploads/IMG/pdf/article_acpi.pdf

ACPI on ARMv8 Servers:

<https://www.kernel.org/doc/Documentation/arm64/arm-acpi.txt>

Presentations:

ACPI 6 and Linux by Rafael J. Wysocki slides (August 19, 2015)

http://events.linuxfoundation.org/sites/events/files/slides/ACPI_6_and_Linux_0.pdf

You can find the ACPI spec here:

<http://www.acpi.info/>

ACPI in Wikipedia:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Advanced_Configuration_and_Power_Interface

The ***/proc/acpi/event*** interface has been deprecated and does not exist anymore (TBD: since which kernel?)

The *acpid* daemon provides an alternative, based on netlink socket; previous (1.x) versions of *acpid* relied on */proc/acpi/event*.

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/acpid2>

ACPI implementation:

You should start with becoming familiar with the ***acpi_device*** structure:

http://lxr.free-electrons.com/source/include/acpi/acpi_bus.h#L355

Every ACPI object, except the root object (ACPI_ROOT_OBJECT) has a parent.

See: the *acpi_get_parent()* method:

<http://lxr.free-electrons.com/source/drivers/acpi/acpica/nsxfobj.c#L120>

ACPI Node is represented by an ***acpi_namespace_node*** object:

<http://lxr.free-electrons.com/source/drivers/acpi/acpica/aclocal.h#L161>

Traditionally, the ACPI core uses the [pnp_dev](#) struct for every device which is not PCI device. Another option, which is quite new, is to use platform device

ACPI layout:

Under *drivers/acpi/acpica* you will find the files related to ACPICA components.

So, for example, *utinit.c* is of ACPI utilities, and *nsinit.c* is of ACPI namespaces.

The ACPICA main components are:

- debugger
- disassembler
- dispatcher
- events
- executer
- hardware
- namespace
- parser
- resources
- tables
- utilities

Then you can look on some simple ACPI drivers under

<http://lxr.free-electrons.com/source/drivers/acpi>

Most of the ACPICA implementation is under

<http://lxr.free-electrons.com/source/drivers/acpi/acpica/>

To start with leaning about ACPI power management, you can start with *drivers/acpi/device_pm.c*:

http://lxr.free-electrons.com/source/drivers/acpi/device_pm.c

You can find the ACPICA version on your Linux machine by:

cat /sys/module/acpi/parameters/acpica_version

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**You can see the ACPI tables entries
under /sys/firmware/acpi/tables:**

For example,

ls /sys/firmware/acpi/tables/

APIC	DSDT	ERST	HEST	SLIT	SSDT1
BERT	dynamic	FACP	HPET	SPCR	SSDT2
DMAR	EINJ	FACS	MCFG	SRAT	WDDT

ACPI 5.1 was released in July 2014.

- **The spec is 940 pages.**

ACPI 6.0 was released in is April 2015

- **The spec is 1012 page.**

Simple ACPI monitoring tools:

<http://smackerelofopinion.blogspot.com/2010/01/simple-acpi-monitoring-tools.html>

Creating a DSL file:

```
cat /sys/firmware/acpi/tables/DSDT > dsdt.dat
```

```
iasl -d dsdt.dat
```

This will generate a file named *dsdt.dsl*

iasl is Intel ASL compiler/decompile.

See also:

<http://lxr.free-electrons.com/source/Documentation/acpi/method-customizing.txt>

Note: On many distros you have a package including the iasl tool. Thus, in CentOS 7, you can install it by *yum install acpica-tools*. This package includes other ACPI utils, like *acpidump-acpica*.

There are 5 entries for ACPI Object caches under

/sys/kernel/slab; they are created by: *acpi_ut_create_caches()*; see:

<http://lxr.free-electrons.com/source/drivers/acpi/acpica/utalloc.c#L96>

/sys/kernel/slab/Acpi-Namespace

/sys/kernel/slab/Acpi-Operand

/sys/kernel/slab/Acpi-Parse

/sys/kernel/slab/Acpi-ParseExt

/sys/kernel/slab/Acpi-State

UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface)

TBD

Take Control of Your PC with UEFI Secure Boot –

An article by Greig Paul AND James Irvine, September 2015, Linux Journal.

_CID: (Compatible ID)

_CRS: Current Resource Settings

_PRS: Possible Resource Settings

_SRS: Set Resource Settings

ACPI Acronyms:

ACPICA: ACPI Component Architecture

AML: ACPI Machine Language

APEI: ACPI Platform Error Interface

ASL: ACPI Source Language

ASWG: ACPI specification working group

BERT: Boot Error Record Table.

CE: Corrected Error

CPPC: Collaborative Processor Performance Controls

EINJ: Error Injection Table

GPE: General Purpose Event

HEST: APEI Hardware Error Source Table

HPET: High Precision Event Timer

LPSS: Low Power Subsystem

MADT: Multiple APIC Description Table

NFIT: NVDIMM Firmware Interface Table

OSL: OS services layer

PCC: Platform Communication Channel.

PMIC: Power Management Integrated Circuit

SBS: Smart Battery System.

SCI: System Control Interrupt

See: <http://www.uefi.org/workinggroups>

UC: Uncorrected Error

TBD:

ACPI Thermal Zone versus Imsensors

acpi_call: A kernel simple module that enables you to call ACPI methods by writing the method name followed by arguments to /proc/acpi/call:

https://github.com/mkottman/acpi_call

acpidump is a utility to dump ACPI tables.

In Ubuntu (15.04), acpidump belong to the acpica-tools package.

You can get more debug messages by setting CONFIG_ACPI_DEBUG to y.